

# **DEPARTMENT OF POLITICS AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

## **SYLLABUS**

### **TWO YEARS PROGRAMME**

### **MASTER OF ARTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE WITH SPECIALISATION IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**



**CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF JHARKHAND  
BRAMBE, RANCHI-835205  
JHARKHAND  
2019**

## SEMESTER-I

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
1.	Theories of International Relations	4	PIR611010
2.	Political Theory	4	PIR611020
3.	Indian Government and Politics	4	PIR611030
	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
4.	Peace and Conflict in International Politics	4	PIR616040
5.	India's Strategic Thinkers	4	PIR616050
6.	Diplomacy: Theory and Practice	4	PIR616060

## SEMESTER-II

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
1.	Comparative Politics	4	PIR621010
2.	India's Foreign Policy	4	PIR621020
3.	Western Political Thought	4	PIR621030
	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
4.	The Cold War and International Relations	4	PIR626040
5.	International Organizations	4	PIR626050
6.	Developing Countries in International Relations	4	PIR626060

## SEMESTER-III

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
1.	Indian Political Thought	4	PIR711010
2.	Political Party System in India	4	PIR711020
3.	Research Methodology	4	PIR711030
	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
4.	International Relations in 21 <sup>st</sup> Century (Post-Cold War)	4	PIR716040
5.	South Asia in World Politics	4	PIR716050
6.	India's National Security	4	PIR716060

## SEMESTER-IV

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
1.	Dissertation	16	PIR721010
2.	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
3.	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	4	PIR726020
4.	Globalisation and World Politics	4	PIR726030
5.	West Asia in International Relations	4	PIR726040
6.	China and East Asia in International Relations	4	PIR726050
7.	Africa in International Relations	4	PIR726060

All the Core Papers are compulsory and two more papers students have to choose from the Optional Papers in each semester or may be opted from other Departments. However, students have to opt one paper along with Dissertation in the Semester-IV.

### Members of Board of Studies

1. **Dr. Rabindranath Sarma**, Chairman BOS & Dean, School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Central University of Jharkhand, Brambe, Ranchi-850205, Jharkhand
2. **Dr. Bibhuti Bhusan Biswas**, Member, Assistant Professor & Coordinator, Department of Politics and International Relations, Central University of Jharkhand, Brambe, Ranchi-850205, Jharkhand
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8. **Dr. Subhash Kumar Baitha**, Member, Assistant Professor, Department of Politics and International Relations, Central University of Jharkhand, Brambe, Ranchi-850205, Jharkhand
9. **Dr. Ranvijay**, Invitee, Assistant Professor, Department of Politics and International Relations, Central University of Jharkhand, Brambe, Ranchi-850205, Jharkhand
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## SEMESTER-I

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
<b>Core Papers</b>			
1.	Theories of International Relations	4	PIR611010
2.	Political Theory	4	PIR611020
3.	Indian Government and Politics	4	PIR611030
<b>Optional Papers</b>			
4.	Peace and Conflict in International Politics	4	PIR616040
5.	India's Strategic Thinkers	4	PIR616050

## SEMESTER-I

Course Details				
Core Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>Theories of International Relations</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR611010</b>	<b>Semester: I</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Course Objective:** This course introduces post graduate students to diverse traditions of theoretical endeavours in the International Relations as they have evolved around the world. It will cover both explanatory and normative paradigms in international relations theory and give a brief overview of the state of the art of IR to students. The purpose of the course is to provide a thorough background in all schools of IR theory and the debates between them regarding their perspective on the nature of international politics and how it is to be conceptualized, understood and judged, bearing in mind their geo-cultural specificities

### **UNIT – I: Approaches to the Study of International Relations**

- i. Classical Realism and Neo Realism
- ii. Liberal and Neo-Liberal Approaches
- iii. Liberal Institutionalism: Complex Interdependence-Keohane and Nye
- iv. Cooperation under Anarchy: Kenneth Oye
- v. Critique of Cooperation under Anarchy: Grieco
- vi. Concept of Regimes: Stephen D Krasner, Ruggie

### **UNIT – II: Marxism**

- i. Marxist Theories of Imperialism - Lenin, Bukharin and Rosa Luxemburg,
- ii. Marxist theories of Development - Dependency and World System
- iii. Neo-Marxism in International Relations - Gramsci, Cox and Gill, New Marxism- Bill Barren

### **UNIT - III: Social Theories and other Dominant Approaches**

- i. Constructivism: “World of our making”: Nicholas Greenwood Onuf; “Anarchy is what state make of it”: Alexander Wendt, Ken Booth; Constructivism theory by Emanuel Adler, Friedrich Kratochwil, and John Gerard Ruggie
- ii. Feminism: Feminism/Gender in International Relations; The politics of analyzing women and gender in a global context; Gender, political actor and state power
- iii. Positivism: Critical Theory and Post Modernism by Richard K Ashley and Richard Devetak

### **UNIT - IV: International Theory and Third World**

- i. Realism: Kautilya, Hsu
- ii. Subaltern Realism: Mohammad Ayoob
- iii. Security and the Third World

### **Suggested Readings**

1. Alexander Wendt, *Social Theory of International Politics*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.
2. Allen Buchanan, *Justice, Legitimacy and Self-Determination*, OUP, Oxford, 2007
3. Anthony Giddens, *The Consequences of Modernity*, London: Polity Press, 1991.
4. Arlene B. Tickner and Ole Wever, (eds.), *International Relations Scholarship Around the World*, London: Routledge, 2009.
5. Ayoob Mohammed (1995), *The Third World Security Predcament: State Making, Regional Conflict and the International System*, Lynner Rienner Publishers.
6. Ayoob Mohammed (2013), *Regional Security in the Third World: Case Studies from Southeast Asia and the Middle East*, Routledge, London.
7. Chandra Talpade Mohanty (2003), *Feminism without Borders*, Duke University Press, Durham.
8. Charles Beitz, *Political Theory and International Relations*, OUP, Oxford, 1979
9. Chris Brown with Kirsten Ainley, *Understanding International Relations*, 3rd Ed., Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.
10. Chris Brown, *International Relations Theory: New Normative Approaches*, Hamel Hamstead: Harvester Wheatsheaf, 1992.
11. Cynthia Enloe, *Bananas Beaches & Bases* (1989), *Making Feminist Sense of International Politics*, University of California Press, Berkeley.
12. David A. Baldwin (ed.), *Neo-Realism and Neo-liberalism: The Contemporary Debate* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993)
13. E.H. Carr, *the Twenty Years Crisis: 1919-1939* (London: Macmillan, 1981)
14. Fred Halliday, *Rethinking International Relations*, London: Macmillan Press, 1994.
15. Hedley Bull, *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics*, 3rd edn. Basingstoke: Palgrave. 2002.
16. *History, Change and Transformation*, Pluto Press with The Open University, London, 2004.

17. John Baylis and Steve Smith (eds.), *The Globalization of World Politics* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001)
18. Justin Rosenberg, *The Empire of Civil Society*, Verso, London, 1994.
19. Kautilya, *Arthashastra*, Penguin Classics, 1993.
20. Kenneth Waltz, *Theory of International Politics* (London: Addison-Wesley Publishing, 1979).
21. Laudan Larry (1996), *Beyond Positivism and Relativism: Theory, Method, and Evidence*, Westview Press.
22. Martin Hollis & Steve Smith, *Explaining and Understanding International Relations*, Oxford University Press, 1991.
23. Navnita Chadha Behera, ed., *International Relations in South Asia: Search for an Alternative Paradigm*, New Delhi, Sage, 2008.
24. Neuman Stephanie G. (1998), *International Relations Theory and the Third World*, St. Martin's Press, New York.
25. R. B. J Walker, *Inside/Outside: International Relations as Political Theory*, New York: Cambridge University Press, 1995.
26. Rachod-Nilsson and Tetreault (eds. 2000), *Women, States and Nationalism*, Routledge, London.
27. Raymond Aron, *Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations*, New York, Anchor Books, 1973.
28. Rebecca Grant and Newland, eds., *Gender and International Relations*, Buckingham: Open University Press and Millennium Press, 1991.
29. Robert Cox, with T. Sinclair, *Approaches to World Order*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1996.
30. Scott Burchill et al, *Theories of International Relations 3rd ed*, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.
31. Steve Smith, Ken Booth and Marysia Zalewski, (eds.), *International Theory: Positivism and Beyond*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1996.
32. Sun Tzu and Lionel Giles (translator), *The Art of War*, Ulysses Press, 2007.
33. Tickner, J. A. (2001), *Gendering World Politics*, New York: Columbia University Press.
34. Tim Dunne, M. Kurki Steve Smith, *International Relations. Discipline and Diversity*, Oxford University Press, 2007.
35. W. Carlsnaes, T. Risse & B. Simmons, (eds.), *Handbook of International Relations*. London, Sage, 2006.
36. Zehfuss Maja (2002), *Constructivism in International Relations: The Politics of Reality*, Cambridge University Press, UK.

## SEMESTER-I

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Political Theory			
Course Code	PIR611020	Semester: I	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objectives:** This course seeks to introduce the students to major approaches in theorizing political life and to the major concepts in the discourse of politics. The course tries to make the students understand how the social and power relations are theorized by various theoretical projects. Political theories, being socio psychological structures; the major aim of the course would be to make the students understand and analyze the context of the emergence of the theoretical projects/structures. The politics of each such theoretical project would be critically evaluated.

### UNIT: I

- i. Political Theory: Nature and Significance of Political Theory, Decline of Political Theory: Contemporary Debates
- ii. Classical, Behavioral and Post Behavioral Approaches
- iii. Systems, Structural-Functional and Marxist Approaches

### UNIT: II

- i. The Nature of State: Liberal vs. Marxist view of State, Changing Nature of State in the Contemporary World.
- ii. Sovereignty: Nature, evolution and Characteristics of Sovereignty; Classification of Sovereignty: Austin and pluralistic views of Sovereignty: Erosion of sovereignty.
- iii. Liberty, Equality and Justice: Contemporary Debates

### UNIT: III

- i. Political Power, Legitimacy and Authority; Political Obligation, Raj Dharma Civil Disobedience and Revolution
- ii. Liberalism, Communism, Democratic Socialism, Fascism, Anarchism and Nationalism



## UNIT: IV

- i. Gandhism and Sarvodaya.
- ii. Recent Trends in Political Theory: Communitarianism, Orientalism, Feminism and Environmentalism

### Suggested Readings:

1. Anderson, Benedict (1993) *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism*. New York: Verso.
2. Anderson, Perry (1976), *Considerations on Western Marxism*. London: New Left Books.
3. Balibar, Etienne (1995): *The Philosophy of Marx; Verso; New York*.
4. Barry, B. (2001), *Culture and Equality*. Cambridge: Polity.
5. Schmitt, C. (1996) *The Concept of the Political*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
6. Baumeister, Andrea T. (2000) *Liberalism and the Politics of Difference*. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.
7. Beran, Harry (1987) *The Consent Theory of Political Obligation*. London: Croom Helm.
8. Brown, Wendy (1995) *States of Injury: Power and Freedom in Late Modernity*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.
9. Butler, Judith (1993) *Bodies That Matter: On the Discursive Limits of Sex*. New York: Routledge.
10. Callan, Eamonn (1997) *Creating Citizens: Political Education and Liberal Democracy*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
11. Connolly, William E. (1995) *The Ethos of Pluralization*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press.
12. Dyson, Kenneth H. F. (1980) *The State Tradition in Western Europe*. New York: Oxford University Press.
13. Freedon, M. (1996) *Ideologies and Political Theory: A Conceptual Approach*. Oxford: Clarendon.
14. Freedon, M. (2001b) Twentieth-century liberal thought: development or transformation? In M. Evans, ed., *The Edinburgh Companion to Contemporary Liberalism*. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.
15. Galeotti, Anna Elisabetta (1994) A problem with theory: a rejoinder to Moruzzi. *Political Theory*
16. Gaus, G. F. (2000a) Liberalism at the end of the century. *Journal of Political Ideologies*, 5: 179–99.
17. Gellner, Ernest (1983) *Nations and Nationalism*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press.
18. Gill, Emily R. (2001) *Becoming Free: Autonomy and Diversity in the Liberal Polity*. Lawrence, KS: University of Kansas Press.
19. Hall, John A. and G. John Ikenberry (1989) *The State*. Milton Keynes: Open University Press.
20. Hart, H. L. A. (1994) *The Concept of Law*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
21. Hinsley, F. H. (1986) *Sovereignty*, 2nd edn. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
22. Levine, Andrew (1987) *The End of the State*. London: Verso. 5
23. Marx, K. and F. Engels (1974) *The German Ideology*, ed. C. J. Arthur. London: Lawrence and Wishart.

24. Morris, Christopher W. (1998) *An Essay on the Modern State*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
25. Nozick, Robert (1974) *Anarchy, State, and Utopia*. New York: Basic.
26. Ollman, Bertel (1993) *Dialectical Investigations*. New York: Routledge.
27. Poulantzas, N. 1978: *State, Power, Socialism*, London: New Left Books.
28. Rawls, J. (1971) *A Theory of Justice*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
29. Rawls, J. (1993) *Political Liberalism*. New York: Columbia University Press.
30. Rawls, John (1996) *Political Liberalism*. New York: Columbia University Press.
31. Van Creveld, Martin (1999) *The Rise and Decline of the State*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

## SEMESTER-I

Course Details				
Core Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>Indian Government and Politics</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR611030</b>	<b>Semester: I</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Course Objective:** This course shall enable students to learn about the historical background and the constitutional design of state structures and institutions with special emphasis on Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy. This course endeavors to enrich the understanding of the students about the Indian polity and the important issues and themes that it grapples with in contemporary times.

### **UNIT-I: Historical Background of Indian Constitution**

- i. The Philosophy of the Indian Constitution
- ii. Preamble- Republic, Democratic, Sovereign, Justice, Liberty, Equality, fraternity, Unity and Integrity of Nation
- iii. Basic Features

### **UNIT-II: Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and DPSP**

- i. Philosophical Background, Sources
- ii. Provisions in Indian Constitution, Constitutional Remedies for enforcement of Fundamental Rights

### **UNIT-III: Fundamental Duties and DPSP**

- i. Fundamental Duties: Objective, Provision
- ii. Directive Principles of State Policy: Philosophy, Sources, Ideational background and its Implications

### **UNIT-IV: Dynamics of Indian Political System**

- i. Legislature, Executive and Judiciary in India: An introduction
- ii. Party System in India
- iii. Role of Pressure Group in Indian Politics
- iv. Challenges to the Indian Political System

## **Suggested Readings**

1. Basu, D. D. (2010), Introduction to the Indian Constitution, Lexis Nexis Butter worts Wadhwa Publishing House, Nagpur.
2. Narang, A.S. (2010), Indian Government and Politics, Geetanjali Publishing House, New Delhi.
3. Kaviraj, S. (2009), Indian Political System, Oxford University Press.
4. Chandok, N. (2011), Contemporary India, Pearson India, New Delhi.
5. Kashyap, S. (2008), Our Constitution, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
6. Kashyap, S. (2008), Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
7. Bakshi, P. M. (2011), Constitution of India, Universal Law Publisher, Allahabad.
8. Ghosh, P. (2012), Indian Government and Politics, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
9. Prasad, Mahendra Singh (2012), The Indian Political System, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.
10. Abbas, Hoveyda, Ranjay Kumar, Mohammed AftabAlam (2012), Indian Government and Politics, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.

## SEMESTER-I

Course Details				
Elective Paper				
Course Name	Peace and Conflict in International Politics			
Course Code	PIR616040	Semester: I	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** This course is about Peace and Conflict studies, about the meaning, causes and course of the Cold War era. It is also about important developments in post-cold war period and about crucial and enduring contemporary problems such as terrorism, related ethnic wars, oil politics and different security perspectives.

### UNIT: I- Origins and Development of Peace and Conflict Studies

- i. Phases, Pioneers and Traditions
- ii. Concepts: Conflict, Peace, Typology of Conflict, Positive Peace and Negative peace
- iii. Sources of Conflict: Material, ideational and others

### UNIT: II-Theories of Peace and Conflict

- i. Contending theories & Perspectives – e.g. Liberal, Marxist, Gandhian
- ii. Dynamics of Peace and Conflict: Escalation, De-escalation, and Intractability

### UNIT: III- Management of Conflict

- i. Peace Keeping, Peacemaking, Peace building, Peace Enforcement, Conflict Resolution, conflict

### UNIT: IV- Strategies of Peace Making and Durability

- ii. Actors: Institution, Individuals, and State
- iii. Approaches: Facilitation, Mediation, and Arbitration
- iv. Conditions of Peace, Post-Conflict Peace Building, Creating Institutions and Norms

## Suggested Readings

1. Azar, Edward E., *The Management of Protracted Social Conflict: Theory and Cases* (Aldershot: Dartmouth, 1990).
2. Berrovitch, Jacob and Jeffery Z. Rubin, (eds), *Mediation in International Relations: Multiple Approaches to Conflict Management*, (New York: St. Martin's Press, 1992).
3. Brown, Michael E., et.al, eds., *Theories of War and Peace* (Cambridge, Mass: The MIT Press, 2000).
4. Burton, John, *Conflict: Resolution and Provention* (London: Macmillan, 1990). Elshstain, Jean Bethke, *Women and War*, (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1995).
5. Enloe, Cynthia, *Maneuvers: The International Politics of Militarizing Women's Lives*, (Berkeley: University of California Press, 2000).
6. Kriesberg, Louis and Thorson, Stuart J., eds., *Timing and the De-escalation of International Conflicts* (Syracuse: Syracuse University Press, 1991).
7. Kriesberg, Louis, et.al., eds., *Intractable Conflicts and their Transformation* ((Syracuse: Syracuse University Press, 1989).
8. Lederach, John Paul, *Building Peace: Sustainable Reconciliation in Divided Societies*, (Princeton: Princeton Uni Press, 2004). Lorentzen, Lois Anne and Jennifer Turpin, eds., *The Women and War Reader*, (New York: New York University Press, 1998).
9. Miall, Hugh, Ramsbotham and Woodhouse, Tom, *Contemporary Conflict Resolution: The Prevention, Management and Transformation of Conflicts* (Cambridge: Polity Press, 1999).
10. Michael, C.R., *The Structure of International Conflict*, (London: Macmillan, 1981)
11. Parekh, Bhikhu, *Gandhi*, (London: Oxford Paperback, 2001)
12. Parekh, Bhikhu, *Gandhi's Political Philosophy: A Critical Examination*, (London: 1989);
13. Reardon, Betty A., *Women and Peace: Feminist Visions of Global Security*, (New York: State University of New York Press, 2003)
14. Vayreynen, Raimo, Dieter Senghaas and Christian Schmidt (eds.), *The Quest for Peace: Cultures and States* (California: Beverly Hills, 1987)
15. Wallensteen, Peter (ed.), *Preventing Violent Conflicts: Past Record and Future Challenges*, (Uppsala University: Sweden: Department of Peace and Conflict Resolution, 1998).
16. Zartman, I. William and Rasmussen, J. Lewis. (eds.), *Peacemaking in International Conflict Methods & Techniques* (Washington, DC: US Institute of Peace Press, 1997).

## Articles

17. Boulding, Kenneth, "Twelve Friendly Quarrels with Johan Galtung" in *Journal of Peace Research*, Vol.16 No. 2 (1965) Caprioli, Mary (2000): "Gendered Conflict", *Journal of Peace Research*, Vol. 37, no. 1 (2000)
18. Fox, Jonathan (2001): "Two Civilizations and Ethnic Conflicts: Islam and the West", *Journal of Peace Research*, Vol. 38, no. 4, (2001)
19. Galtung, Johan 'On the Meaning of Non-Violence', *Journal of Peace Research*, vol.2, no.3, 1965, pp.228-257. Huntley, Wade L. 'Kant's Third Image: Systemic Sources of the Liberal Peace', *International Studies Quarterly*, vol.40, no.1,
20. Galtung, Johan 'On the Meaning of Non-Violence', *Journal of Peace Research*, vol.2,

- no.3, 1965, pp.228-257. Huntley, Wade L. 'Kant's Third Image: Systemic Sources of the Liberal Peace', *International Studies Quarterly*, vol.40, no.1, March 1996, pp.45-76.
21. Patomaki, Heikki 'The Challenge of Critical Theories: Peace Research at the Start of the New Century', *Journal of Peace Research*, vol.38, no.6, 2001, pp.723-737.
22. Pearson, Frederic S. (2001): "Dimensions of Conflict Resolution in Ethno-political Disputes", *Journal of Peace Research*, Vol. 38, no. 3, Sage, pp 275-287.
23. Takeshi, Ishida, "Beyond the Traditional Concepts of Peace in Different Cultures", *Journal of Peace Research*. No. 2 (1969)
24. Weber, Thomas 'Gandhian Philosophy, Conflict Resolution Theory and Practical Approaches to Negotiation', *Journal of Peace Research*, vol.38, no.4, 2001, pp.493-513.

### Websites

25. Carnegie Commission on preventing deadly conflict: <http://www.ccpdc.org>
26. Conflict Resolution, Research and Resource Institutes: <http://www.cri.cc>
27. Institute for Conflict Analysis and Resolution, : <http://www.web.gmu.edu/departments/ICAR>
28. Malaviya Centre for Peace Research, <http://www.mcpr-bhu.com>
29. The Institute for International Mediation and Conflict Resolution: <http://www.iimcr.org>
30. Institute for Conflict Management, India: <http://www.satp.org>
31. Berghof Research Center for Constructive Conflict Management: <http://www.berghof-center.org>
32. European Centre for Conflict Prevention: <http://www.euconflict.org>

## SEMESTER-I

Course Details				
Elective Paper				
Course Name	India's Strategic Thinkers			
Course Code	PIR616050	Semester: I	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course objective:** This course is an effort of viewing Bharat from Bharat's own perspective. The basic focus of study is to revive the strategic thinking in India since ancient time. The course as a whole is meant to inculcate the rich political history of India where significantly diplomacy, security (land and maritime security), war strategy, military administration etc. were fairly being practiced. About the statecraft overall information will be given to the students.

### UNIT: I

- i. Bhishma: Shanti Parwa and Anushashan Parwa
- ii. Kautilya: Theory of State, Rajamandala, Saptang Theory, Diplomacy

### UNIT: II

- i. Tipu Sultan: War strategy and Military Administration
- ii. Chatrapati Shivaji: Guerrilla warfare and Maritime Security

### UNIT: III

- i. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru: Foreign Policy and Strategic Culture
- ii. Mahatma Gandhi: Strategy of Satyagraha and Non-violence

### UNIT: IV

- i. K. Subramanyam: Security, Nuclear Policy
- ii. George Tenham: Indian security issues

### Suggested Readings:

#### *Mahabharata*

1. Kanti, Saira Basit, V. Krishnappa (2013) 'India's Grand Strategy: History, Theory, Cases' New Delhi: Routledge India, pp. 1-31.



2. B. Chaturvedi, (2006) 'Dharma-The Foundation of Raja-Dharma, Law and Governance', in the Mahabharata: An Inquiry in the Human Condition, Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 418-464.
3. The Mahabharata (2004), Vol. 7 (Book XI and Book XII, Part II), Chicago and London: University of Chicago Press.
4. V. Varma, (1974) Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundations, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, pp. 211- 230.

***Kautilya: Theory of State***

5. B. Gokhale, (1966) 'The Early Buddhist View of the State', in The Journal of Asian Studies, Vol. XXVI, (1), pp. 15- 22.
6. J. Spellman, (1964) 'Principle of Statecraft', in Political Theory of Ancient India: A Study of Kingship from the Earliest time to Ceirca AD 300, Oxford: Clarendon Press, pp. 132- 170.
7. Kautilya, (1997) 'The Elements of Sovereignty' in R. Kangle (ed. and trns.), Arthashastra of Kautilya, New Delhi: Motilal Publishers, pp. 511- 514.
8. L. Jayasurya, 'Budhism, Politics and Statecraft', Available at [ftp.buddhism.org/Publications/.../Voll1\\_03\\_Laksiri%20Jayasuriya.pdf](ftp://ftp.buddhism.org/Publications/.../Voll1_03_Laksiri%20Jayasuriya.pdf), Accessed: 19.04.2013.
9. R. Kangle, (1997) Arthashastra of Kautilya-Part-III: A Study, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass, rpt., pp. 116- 142.
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11. V. Agganna Sutta (Digha Nikaya): Theory of Kingship Essential Readings: S. Collins, (ed), (2001) Agganna Sutta: An Annotated Translation, New Delhi: Sahitya Academy, pp. 44-49.
12. V. Mehta, (1992) 'The Pragmatic Vision: Kautilya and His Successor', in Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi: Manohar, pp. 88- 109.

***Tipu Sultan:***

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15. Brittlebank, K. (1995). Sakti and Barakat: The power of Tipu's tiger. Modern Asian Studies, 29, 322-354.
16. Habib, I. (Ed.) (2001). State & diplomacy under Tipu Sultan: Documents and essays. New Delhi: Tulika Books.

***Chatrapati Shivaji:***

17. Prasannan Parthasarathi, (2014). The Indian Ocean in the long Eighteenth Century, Eighteenth-Century Studies, Volume 48, Number 1, pp. 1-19
18. Bal Krishna, (1940). Shivaji the Great. Kolhapur: Arya Book Depot.
19. Jadunath Sarkar, (1920) 'Shivaji and his Times', Newyork: Longmans Green and Co.
20. Jagdeep Singh, (2016) 'The Rise and the warfare methods of Marathas', In the International Journal of applied Research, Volume- 2(7): 495-498.

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22. Nazareth J. *Creative, Thinking in Warfare* (illustrated Ed.) Lancer 2008, 174-176.

***Pandit Nehru:***

23. Kanti, Saira Basit, V. Krishnappa (2013) 'India's Grand Strategy: History, Theory, and Cases' New Delhi: Routledge India, pp. - 113-151.
24. Baldev Raj Nayar, (2014) *Nehru's Grand Strategy for a Major-Power Role, 1947—1964*, Publisher: Cambridge University Press, pp. 115-158.

***Mahatma Gandhi:***

25. Joseph Kip Kosek, (2005) Richard Gregg, Mohandas Gandhi, and the Strategy of Nonviolence, *The Journal of American History*, Vol. 91, No. 4, pp. 1318-1348, Oxford University Press.
26. Paul F. Power, *Gandhi on World Affairs*, Review by: D. P. Singhal, *Journal of Southeast Asian History*, Vol. 3, No. 2 (Sep., 1962), pp. 140-142, Cambridge University Press.

***K. Subrahmanyam:***

27. K. Subrahmanyam, (1991), *India and the Nuclear Challenge*, Lancer International.
28. Selig S. Harrison, K. Subrahmanyam , (1989) *Superpower Rivalry in the Indian Ocean Indian and American Perspectives*, Oxford University Press, USA.

***George Tanham:***

1. *Indian Strategic Thought: An Interpretative Essay*, George K. Tanham, RAND National Defense Research Institute, Santa Monica , California, USA, 1992, pp. 92, ISBN 0-8330-1269-X, available on the Internet at [www.rand.org/pubs/reports/2007/R4207.pdf](http://www.rand.org/pubs/reports/2007/R4207.pdf)
2. *Indian Strategy in Flux*, George K. Tanham, in *Securing India: Strategic Thought and Practice*, Kanti P. Bajpai and Amitabh Mattoo (eds), New Delhi, Manohar Publishers, 1996, pp. 231, ISBN 81-7304-147-9

## SEMESTER-II

SI No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
7.	Comparative Politics	4	PIR621010
8.	India's Foreign Policy	4	PIR621020
9.	Western Political Thought	4	PIR621030
	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
10.	The Cold War and International Relations	4	PIR626040
11.	International Organizations	4	PIR626050
12.	Developing Countries in International Relations	4	PIR626060

## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Comparative Politics			
Course Code	PIR621010	Semester: II	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** Each topic is to be studied with reference to concepts, theories and the historical experiments of developing countries as well as advanced industrialized countries. A central concern of the course is to discern the Eurocentric bias in the field of comparative politics, and to identify the processes of de-centering which have reconfigured the field in significant ways.

### UNIT - I: Comparative Political Analysis

#### (A) Comparative Politics: An Inquiry

- (i) Meaning, Nature, Scope and Evolution of state: How the state emerged, The Western state, The Post-colonial state, The state and international organizations, The state in the global economy

#### (B) Theories of Comparative Political Analysis

- (i) Traditional Approaches
- (ii) Philosophical, Historical, Institutional, Legal
- (iii) Modern Approaches: Behavioural Approach, Systems Approach, Sociological approach, Structural Functional Approach, Marxian Approach

### UNIT - II: Political Change and Development

- (i) Political Modernization, Political Culture, Political Socialization, Interest Groups, Political Parties, Constitutionalism and Coalitions

### UNIT - III: Approaches to the Study of Developing Countries

- (i) Modernization Theory, Dependency Theory and World System Analysis, Neo-Colonialism

### UNIT - IV: The State in the Third World Societies

- (i) Political Power and Social Classes in the Post-Colonial World
- (ii) Types of Regimes: Coup d'état and Military Dictatorships, Civil-Military Relationship

## Suggested Readings

1. Almond G. A., (2000). *Comparative Politics: A Theoretical Framework*, (New York: Harper Collins).
2. Burnell P et. al.(eds.) (2008). *Politics in the Developing World*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press).
3. Caramani D. (ed.) (2008). *Comparative Politics*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press), pp. 1-23
4. Chilcote R. H. (1994). *Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for Paradigm Reconsidered*, (Boulder CO: West view Press),
5. Frank A. G. (1966). 'Development of Underdevelopment', *Monthly Review*, 41, pp. 17-31
6. G. Bingham J. Powell Jr. and others. (2011). *Comparative Politics Today: A World View*, (New York: Addison Wesley Longman).
7. Grant, M. (2009). 'United Kingdom Parliamentary System', in *The UK Parliament*, (Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press), pp. 24-43.
8. Hague, R. and Martin H. (2004). *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*, (New York: Palgrave Macmillan), ch5 pp.
9. Hauss C. (2011). *Comparative Politics: Domestic Responses to Global Challenges*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 65-69; 187-218; 429-461
10. Kesselman M. (eds.) (2010). *Introduction to Comparative Politics: Political Challenge and Changing Agenda*,(United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 48-98; 408-461; 515-569; 620-671.
11. Kopstein J. and Lichbach M. (eds.) (2005). *Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order*. (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press), pp. 1-15; 16-36; 253-290.
12. Lane D. (1996). *Rise and Fall of State Socialism: Industrial Society and the Socialist state*, (UK: Polity Press), pp. 1-11
13. Mackerra C. et.al. (eds.) (2001). *Dictionary of the Politics of the People's Republic of China*, London: Routledge.
14. Macridis R.C. and Brown B.E. (eds) (1970). *Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings*, 5<sup>th</sup> ed. (Illinois: Dorsey Press), pp.1-17.
15. McCormick J. (2007) 'Britain', in *Comparative Politics in Transition*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth) pp. 98-141
16. McCormick J. (2007) *Comparative Politics in Transition*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 259-303; 435-482.
17. Monoranjan M. (1975). 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', *Teaching Politics*, Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38
18. Munck G.L. and Richard S. (eds.) (2007). *Passion, Craft, and Method in Comparative Politics*. (Baltimore: The John Hopkins University Press), pp. 32-59.
19. Robbers G. (ed.) (2007). *Encyclopedia of World Constitutions*,(New York: Facts on File- An Imprint of Infodase Publishing), pp. 125-131; 670-78; 972-979.
20. Rothermund D. (2000). 'The Context of Decolonization', in *TheRoutledge Companion to Decolonization*, (London: Routledge), pp. 41-52.
21. Rutland P., (2007). 'Britain', in Kopstein J. and Lichbach M. (eds.), *Comparative Politics: Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order*. (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press), pp. 39-79.

## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	India's Foreign Policy			
Course Code	PIR621020	Semester: II	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** The course aims to develop an in-depth understanding of Indian Foreign policy. The course analyses both the historical roots of Non-alignment movement and its present relevance. It also focuses on the Indian approach towards the changing world and contemporary issues. The significant continuity and changes of Indian Foreign policy is other key elements in the course.

### UNIT-I: An Introduction

- i. Foreign policy: Definition and Objectives
- ii. Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy: Domestic determinants (History, Geography, Society, Culture, Leadership) and External Determinants(Global, Regional and Bilateral)
- iii. Non- alignment Policy: Origin, development and its relevance after 1990s

### UNIT-II: Indian Foreign Policy: Continuity and Change

- i. New Economic Reforms
- ii. Nuclear Policy
- iii. Regional integration: SAARC and SAFTA
- iv. Look East policy
- v. Idealism Vs Greater Realism

### UNIT-III: India's approach: Major Global Issues and challenges

- i. Terrorism
- ii. Disarmament/ Arms control
- iii. Energy Security
- iv. Environmental issues
- v. Human Rights

### UNIT-IV: Socio-Cultural Dimensions: 'Soft Power' and Foreign Policy

- i. Transnational Cultural Linkages
- ii. Indian Diaspora as Foreign policy's leverage
- iii. Culture, Media, Films, Literature and Sports

## Suggested Readings

1. P. M Kamat(1999), *Emerging International Order and Foreign Policy Options for India* Indian Academy of Social Sciences.
2. Ganguly, Sumit (2013), *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospects*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Singh, Sudhir Kumar (2012), *Post 9/11 Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunity*, Pentagon Press, New Delhi.
4. Sinha, A. and M. Mohtaeds(2002), *Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities*, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
5. Shukul, H. C. (1993), *India's Foreign Policy: The Strategy of Nonalignment*, Chanakya Publications, New Delhi.
6. Dixi, J. N. (2004), *Makers of India's Foreign Policy*, Harper Collins India, Jayapalan, N. (2001), *Foreign policy of India*, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors
7. Brown, Judith M. (1994), *Modern India: The Origins of an Asian Democracy*, Oxford University Press.
8. Jha, NaliniKan (2002), *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy*, South Asian Publishers
9. Panikkar, K. M. (1960), *Problems of Indian defence*, Asia Pub. House, New Delhi.
10. Panikkar, K. M. (1956), *The Principles and practice of diplomacy*, Asia Pub. House, New Delhi.
11. K Subramania (1975), *Foreign Policy Planning in India*, *Foreign Affairs Reports*, Vol. 24(1).
12. Muni, S. D. (2012), *India's Foreign Policy: The Democracy Dimension*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
13. Cronin Patrick M. *From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies*, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
14. Ellison Herbert J. *Japan and The Pacific Quadrille: The Major Powers in East Asia*, Boulder, Westview Press, 1987.
15. Epstein William, *The Last Chance: Nuclear Proliferation and Arms Control*, New York, Free Press, 1976.
16. Gaddis Johan Lewis, *Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post War American National Security Policy*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
17. GutjahrLothar. *German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification*, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
18. Haas Richard N, *Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold War World*, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
19. Dumbrell, John, *American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton*, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1997.
20. Kanet, Roger E and Kozhemiakin, Alexander V., *The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation*, Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
21. Larrabee, Stephen. *The Two German States and European Security*, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.

22. Masahide, Shibusawa. edited, Japan and the Asian Pacific Region, London, Croom Helm, 1984.
23. Mendelson, Sarah E., Changing Course, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1998.
24. Sutter, Robert G., Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S. Boulder, Westview, 1996.
25. Whetten, Lawrence L., Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations, New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
26. Zwick Peter. Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy. New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1990.
27. David Harvey, The New Imperialism, Oxford University Press, New York, 2003.
28. Robert Kagan, Of Paradise and Power: America and Europe in the New World Order, KNOPF Publishers, 2003.



## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Western Political Thought			
Course Code	PIR621030	Semester: II	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objectives:** This course deals with the classical thinkers and themes of western political thought. The objective is to understand the theory of the State, Justice, Liberty, Freedom, Civil society, Sovereignty, Revolution etc. from philosophical and political perspective. This course is designed to train students in the above mentioned ideas.

### UNIT: I

- i. Plato: Justice and Philosopher King
- ii. Aristotle: Politics

### UNIT: II

- i. Machiavelli: Theory of State and Statecraft
- ii. Hobbes: Social contract and Human Nature
- iii. Lock: Natural Right and Two Treaties on Government
- iv. Rousseau: Civil Society and Popular Sovereignty

### UNIT: III

- i. Mary Wollstonecraft: Inequality of women
- ii. Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism
- iii. John Stuart Mill: Liberty and Representative Government
- iv. T. H. Green: Positive and Negative Liberty

### UNIT: IV

- i. Karl Marx: Socialism
- ii. Lenin: Imperialism and Revolution
- iii. Mao: Idea of revolution

### Primary Readings:

1. Annas; J An Introduction to Plato's Republic Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1981
2. Aristotle The Politics, Oxford: University Press, 1982
3. Hobbes, T Leviathan, ed. C.B. Macpherson, Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1968
4. Hegel Lectures on the Philosophy of History, trans. H.B. Nisbet: Cambridge University Press, 1975
5. J.P.Suda A History of Political Thought, 4 Volumes, Jai Prakash Nath, Meerut, 20th edn, 1989
6. Locke, J Two Treatises on Government, ed. P. Eastlett, New York: Mentor, 1965, Cambridge University Press, 1970
7. Lenin, V.I The State and Revolution, In collected works, Vol.25, Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1969
8. Lenin, V.I Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism, Moscow: Progress Publishers, 17th Print, 1978
9. McLellan, D Marxism After Marx, London: Macmillan, 1980
10. Nelson, Brian Western Political Thought, Second Edition, Pearson: New Delhi, 2006
11. Sabine, G.H. A History of Political Theory, 4th Edition, New Delhi: Oxford and IBH, 1973 & Thomas T.L
12. Ten, C.L. Mill on Liberty, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1980
13. Wayper, C L Teach Yourself Political Thought; New Delhi: Surjeet Publications, 2007
14. Bluhm, W.T. *Theories of Political Systems: Classics of Ancient and Modern Political Thought*, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1981.

### Secondary Readings

15. Dunning, William. *A History of Political Theories*, Allahabad, 1966
16. Bernstein, William. *Modern Political Thought*, Oxford and IBH, 1974
17. Jones, W.T. *Masters of Political Thought*, OUP, 1975.
18. Sabine, G.H. *A History of Political Theory*. OUP, 1973
19. Strauss, Leo and Cropsey, Joseph. *History of Political Philosophy*, Chicago, 1987
20. Voegelin, Eric. *Order and History: Plato and Aristotle*, Louisiana State University Press, 1957.
21. Wiser, James. *Political Philosophy: A History of the Search for Order*. Prentice-Hall, 1982
22. Wolin, Sheldon, *Politics and Vision*, University of California Press.

## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Optional Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>The Cold War and International Relations</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR626040</b>	<b>Semester: II</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Course Objective:** This course aims at making the students appreciate the nuances of the Cold War era. It shall also highlight the linkages of this period with the Second World War. It shall help students understand better the logic behind the posturing of international actors in the contemporary world.

### UNIT-I

**Origins of the Cold War to 1946:** Roots before 1941, Second World War, The post-war world, Problems elsewhere.

**The Cold War Take Shape, 1947-1951:** Truman Doctrine and the Marshall Plan, Soviet responses, Berlin Blockade and NATO, Rising Tensions, Global Confrontation, Korean War.

### UNIT-II

**Brinkmanship, 1951-63:** Change and continuity, Stalin's last years, Crisis in the Taiwan Straits, Germany in chaos, Poland and Hungary, 1956, Aftermath of the Hungarian Revolution, China and the superpowers, Vietnam and Indochina, Neutrals and new nations, Coexistence.

**The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962:** Genesis, Evolution, Crisis, Resolution.

### UNIT-III

**Detente, 1963-75:** Towards detente, Vietnam War, The thaw, 1968-69, Ostpolitik, Soviet bloc tensions, The China card, Symmetrical needs, not common aims, The Helsinki Accords, Critics of detente.

**Renewed Confrontation, 1975-85:** Detente and domestic politics, Africa and Asia, Western malaise, Invasion of Afghanistan, Poland in crisis, Crisis and confrontation, A changing world.

## UNIT-IV

**The end of the Cold War:** US pressure, Beginning of the end, New thinking, Agreements, 1987-88, Europe Transformed, 1989, The Post-Cold War world, Germany, trust and history, The end of the Cold War period.

### Suggested Reading

1. Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
2. Goldstein, Joshua S. and Jon C. Pevehouse (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
3. Palmer, Norman D. And Howard C. Perkins (2001), *International Relations*, USA: Houghton Mifflin Company.
4. Sewell, Mike (2013), *The Cold War*, United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.
5. Stone, Norman (2011), *The Atlantic and its Enemies A History of the Cold War*, London: Penguin Group, Penguin Books Ltd.
6. Thomas, Merrilyn (2009), *The Cold War A Beginner's Guide*, England, Oxford: Oneworld Publications.
7. Woods, A. (2009), *Marxism and the U.S.A.*, Delhi: Aakar Books.
8. Hobsbawm, E. (1995), *Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914-1991*, London: Abacus.
9. Calvocoressi, P. (2001), *World Politics: 1945-2000*, Harlow: Pearson Education.
10. Hoffman, D. (2010), *The Dead Hand: The Untold Story of the Cold War Arms Race and its Dangerous Legacy*, New York: Knopf Doubleday Publishing Group.
11. Simpson, P. (2013), *A Brief History of the Spy: Modern Spying from the Cold War to the War on Terror*, London: Robinson.
12. Christopher S. and S. Sherry (2000), *Blind Mans Bluff: The Untold Story of the Cold War Submarine Espionage*, New York: Random House.
13. Gaddis, J.L. (2005), *The Cold War: A New History*, New York: Penguin Press.
14. Walker, M. (1994), *Cold War and the Making of the Modern World*, UK: Random House.
15. Leffler, Melvyn P. (2012), *The Cambridge History of the Cold War*, United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.
16. Clark, I. (2001), *The Post-Cold War Order: The Spoils of Peace*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
17. Lundestad, G. & Odd Arne Westad (eds) (1993), *Beyond the Cold War: New Dimensions in International Relations*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
18. Wenger, A. (2003), *International Relations: From the Cold War to the Globalised World*, Lynne Rienner Publishers.
19. Lundestad, G. (1999), *East, West, North, South: Major Developments in International Politics*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
20. Walker, Martin (1994), *The Cold War and the Making of the Modern World*, Vintage Publication, New Delhi.

21. Bramall, C. (2000), *Sources of Chinese Economic Growth, 1978-1996*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
22. Hobsbawm, Eric (1997), *The Age of Extremes*, Vintage Books, Hachette India, Noida, India.
23. Kelly, D. (2002), *Japan and the Reconstruction of East Asia*, Palgrave Publications, New Delhi.
24. Steger, M. B. (2003), *Globalisation: A Very Short Introduction*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
25. Tibi, B. (1998), *The Challenge of Fundamentalism: Political Islam and the New World Disorder*, University of California Press.

## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	International Organizations			
Course Code	PIR626050	Semester: II	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Objective:** This course aims at introducing the nature, genesis and relevance of international organizations in the current international scenario.

### UNIT- I: History and Evolution of International Organizations

- i. Historical development of international organization during 19th and early 20th centuries
- ii. League of Nations
- iii. United Nations and its system - establishment, activities, problems
- iv. Reform and restructuring of the United Nations including the Security Council
- v. India's role in various international organizations

### UNIT-II: Concepts and theories of International Organizations

- i. Concept, definition and classification of international organization
- ii. Roles, functions and powers of international organizations
- iii. Theoretical approaches to international organization
- iv. International organizations in world politics
- v. Globalization, global governance and international organizations

### UNIT-III: Global Issues with reference to the role of the United Nations

- i. War and peace
- ii. Development
- iii. Human rights
- iv. Environment
- v. Terrorism

### UNIT-IV: Regional organizations

- i. Europe-EU
- ii. Africa-AU
- iii. Asia-SAARC, ASIAN
- iv. Americas-NAFTA

## Suggested Readings

1. Margaret Karns and Karen Mingst, (2009) (eds), International Organizations: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance, Lynne Rienner Publishers.
2. Armstrong, David, Lorna Lloyd and Jhon Redmond, International Organisation in World Politics, Basongstoke: Palgrave
3. Karns, Margaret P. And Karen A. Mingst, International Organisation: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance, Boulder, Colo: Lynne Rienner
4. Paul Diehl (2001), The Politics of Global Governance: International Organizations in an Interdependent World. Lynn Rienner,
5. Margaret Keck and Kathryn Sikkink (1998), Activists Beyond Borders: Advocacy Networks in International Politics, Cornell University Press.
6. RumkiBasu (1994) The United Nations: Structures and Functions of an International Organization, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
7. Werner Feld, Robert Jordan and Leon Hurwitz (1988) eds., International Organizations: A Comparative Approach, Praeger, Michigan.
8. P. M. Kamath (2007) Reforming and Restructuring the United Nations, New Delhi, Anamika Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.
9. Alexander Wendt (1992), "Anarchy is What States Make of it," International Organization, Spring
10. International Monetary Fund: James Boughton and Colin Bradford's, "Global Governance: New Players, New Rules" (Online available)
11. Joseph S. Nye's "Multilateralism vs Unilateralism". Link: <https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/unilateralism-vs--multilateralism?barrier=accessreg>
12. For History, Encyclopedia of Law and Economics: Alexander Thompson and Duncan Snidal's "International Organization" (PDF) Link: <http://reference.findlaw.com/lawandeconomics/9800-international-organization.pdf>
13. Sources of International Laws. Links: <http://www.law.northwestern.edu/library/research/international/gettingstarted/sourcesofintl/aw/>
14. For Liberalism/Neo liberalism, Miriam Dornan's "Liberal Internationalism" Link: <http://www.e-ir.info/2011/08/02/liberal-internationalism/>
15. For Constructivism, Journal of International Organization Studies: Ian Hurd's "Choices and Methods in the Study of International Organizations" (PDF) Link: [https://web.archive.org/web/20140703092150/http://unstudied.org/sites/unstudied.org/files/hurd\\_jios.pdf](https://web.archive.org/web/20140703092150/http://unstudied.org/sites/unstudied.org/files/hurd_jios.pdf)
16. For Marxism/Neo Marxism International Socialism's "Gramsci's Marxism and International Relations" (HTML) Link: <http://isj.org.uk/gramscis-marxism-and-international-relations/>
17. Link: Fordham University: Modern History Sourcebook: Paul Halsall's version of "Summary of Wallerstein on World System Theory" (HTML) Link: <http://sourcebooks.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/Wallerstein.asp>
18. For Regime Change Link: <http://reference.findlaw.com/lawandeconomics/9800-international-organization.pdf> See "International Regimes," a special issue of the journal International Organization, volume 36, Spring 1982
19. For World Bank Reform. Link: <http://www.bankinformationcenter.org/urgency-of-world-bank-reform/> Link: Friedrich Ebert Foundation: Jack Boorman's (2008) "An Agenda for Reform of the International Monetary fund"

## SEMESTER-II

Course Details				
Optional Paper				
Course Name	Developing Countries in International Relations			
Course Code	PIR626060	Semester: II	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** This course enables students to create in depth knowledge about the colonial past of developing countries. It gives adequate knowledge about the concerning issues of which is common to all the developing countries.

### Unit-I: Introduction to the Politics of Developing Countries

- i. Defining Development
- ii. Nation Building and the Post-colonial state
- iii. Nature and Role of the Third world
- iv. Third wave of democracy

### Unit-II: Issues of Concern in Developing Countries

- i. Poverty and Development
- ii. Democracy and civil-society
- iii. Human Rights and Gender
- iv. Environment and sustainable development

### Unit-III: Developing Countries in International Relations

- i. North- South Conflict
- ii. Goals of the Third World
- iii. Role and Impact of Developing Countries in International Relations
- iv. Rise of Fourth world

### Unit-IV: Recent Trends in Developing Countries

#### Suggested Readings

1. Malhotra, Vinay Kumar (2006), *International Relations*, Anmol Publications, New Delhi.
2. Nayyar, Deepak (2013), *Catch up: Developing Countries in the World Economy*, Oxford University Press, United Kingdom.
3. Stiglitz, Joseph (2012), *Globalization and its Discontents*, Penguin India.



4. Acemoglu, Daron & James A. Robinson (2013), *Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Power, Prosperity and Poverty*, Profile Books, New Delhi.
5. Stiglitz, Joseph (2012), *The Price of Inequality*, Penguin India, New Delhi.
6. Huntington, Samuel (1971), *Political Order in Changing Societies*, Yale University Press, London.
7. Collier, Paul (2007), *The Bottom Billion*, Oxford University Press, New York.
8. Young, C.M. (2004), *The end of the post-colonial state in Africa? Reflections on changing African political dynamics*, African Affairs.
9. Cowen and Shenton (1995), *The Invention of Development” in Power of Development*,
10. Tienhaara, K. (2006), *What You Don't Know May Hurt You*, Global Environmental Politics.
11. Zerbe, N. (2007) “Contesting Privatization” Global Environmental Politics.
12. Gupta, A. and R. Falkner (2006), *The Influence of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety*, Global Environmental Politics.
13. Aisbett, Emma (2003), *Globalization, Poverty and Inequality: Are the Criticisms Vague, Vested, or Valid?* Prepared for the NBER Pre-conference on Globalization, Poverty and Inequality October 24-25. [http://are.berkeley.edu/~harrison/globalpoverty/aisbett\\_globalization.pdf](http://are.berkeley.edu/~harrison/globalpoverty/aisbett_globalization.pdf)
14. Radelet, Steven, *Foreign Aid*, Chapter 14 in Perkins, Radelet, Snodgrass, Gillis, and Roemer, *Economics of Development*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. New York, Norton.
15. Sen, A. (1983), *Development: Which way now?* The Economic Journal
16. Jack Donnelly and Simon Chesterman (2010), *Is Foreign Military Intervention Justified by Widespread Human Rights Abuses?*, in Haas, Hird, and McBratney, pp.175- 199.

### SEMESTER-III

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
7.	Indian Political Thought	4	PIR711010
8.	Political Party System	4	PIR711020
9.	Research Methodology	4	PIR711030
	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
10.	International Relations in 21 <sup>st</sup> Century (Post Cold War)	4	PIR716040
11.	South Asia in World Politics	4	PIR716050
12.	India's National Security	4	PIR716060

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Indian Political Thought			
Course Code	PIR711010	Semester: III	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objectives:** Based on the study of individual thinkers, this course introduces a wide span of thinkers and themes that defines the Indian political thought. The objective of this course is to study general thoughts that have been produced by thinkers from varied social and temporal contexts. This course has been designed to create awareness among the students of the most important Indian political thinkers from the ancient to the modern period. Selected extracts from original texts are also given to discuss in the class. The list of further readings is meant for teachers as well as the more interested students.

### UNIT: I

- iii. Kautilya: State
- iv. Swami Vivekanand: Ideal Society
- v. PanditaRamabai: Gender

### UNIT: II

- v. M.K. Gandhi: Swaraj and Satyagraha
- vi. BalGangadharTilak: Swaraj
- vii. Rabindranath Tagore: Critique of Nationalism

### UNIT: III

- v. Sri Aurobindo: Passive Resistance
- vi. Periyar E. V. Ramasamy: Caste and Social Inclusion
- vii. M.N.Roy and V. D. Savarkar: Nationalism and Hindutva

### UNIT: IV

- iv. B.R.Ambedkar: Social Justice
- v. JawaharLal Nehru: Secularism
- vi. Ram ManoharLohia and DattopantThengadi: Socialism

### Suggested Readings:

1. Kosambi, Meera (1988) 'Women's Emancipation and Equality: Pandita Ramabai's Contribution to Women's Cause', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 23, No. 44: Oct., pp. 38-49.
2. Chakravarti, Uma (2007) *Pandita Ramabai - A Life and a Time*. New Delhi: Critical Quest, pp. 1-40.
3. Omvedt, Gail (2008) 'Ramabai: Women in the Kingdom of God', in *Seeking Begumpura: The Social Vision of Anti Caste Intellectuals*. New Delhi: Navayana, pp. 205-224.
4. Sen, Amiya. P. (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda on History and Society', in *Swami Vivekananda*. Delhi: OUP, pp. 62- 79
5. Rustav, Hilfred (1998) 'Swami Vivekananda and the Ideal Society', in Radice, William (ed.) *Swami Vivekananda and the Modernisation of Hinduism*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 264- 280
6. Raghuramaraju (2007) 'Swami and Mahatma, Paradigms: State and Civil Society', in *Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 29-65.
7. Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) (2002) 'Introduction', in *Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule*. Delhi: Vistaar Publication.
8. Dalton, Dennis (1982) *Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore*. Gurgaon: The Academic Press, pp. 154- 190.
9. Terchek, Ronald (2002) 'Gandhian Autonomy in Late Modern World', in Parel, Anthony J. (ed.) *Gandhi, Freedom and Self Rule*. Delhi: Sage.
10. Rodrigues, Valerian (2007) 'Good society, Rights, Democracy Socialism', in Thorat, Sukhdeo and Aryama (eds.) *Ambedkar in Retrospect - Essays on Economics, Politics and Society*. Jaipur: IIDS and Rawat Publications.
11. Mungekar, Bhalachandra (2007) 'Quest for Democratic Socialism', in Thorat, Sukhdeo and Aryana (eds.) *Ambedkar in Retrospect - Essays on Economics, Politics and Society*. Jaipur: IIDS and Rawat Publications, pp. 121-142.
12. Chatterjee, Partha (2005) 'Ambedkar and the Troubled times of Citizenship', in Mehta, V. R. and Pantham, Thomas (eds.) *Political ideas in modern India: Thematic Explorations*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 73-92. VII. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism
13. Chakravarty, Radharaman (1986) 'Tagore, Politics and Beyond', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, Kenneth I. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 177-191.
14. Radhakrishnan, Manju and Debasmita (2003) 'Nationalism is a Great Menace: Tagore and Nationalism' in Hogan, Patrick, Colm and Pandit, Lalita (eds.) *Rabindranath Tagore: Universality and Tradition*. London: Rosemont Publishing and Printing Corporation, pp. 29-39.
15. Nandy, Ashis (1994) 'Rabindranath Tagore & Politics of Self', in *Illegitimacy of Nationalism*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-50.
16. Sharma, Jyotirmaya (2003) *Hindutva: Exploring the Idea of Hindu Nationalism*. Delhi: Penguin, pp. 124-172.
17. Keer, Dhananjay (1966) *Veer Savarkar*. Bombay: Popular Prakashan, pp. 223-250. X. Nehru: Secularism
18. Pillai, R.C. (1986) 'Political thought of Jawaharlal Nehru', in Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch Kenneth I. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 260- 274.

20. Zachariah, Benjamin (2004) Nehru. London: Routledge Historical Biographies, pp. 169-213.
21. Chatterjee, Partha (1986) 'The Moment of Arrival: Nehru and the Passive Revolution', in *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse?* London: Zed Books, pp. 131-166
22. Sinha, Sachidananda, (2010) 'Lohia's Socialism: An underdog's perspective', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XLV, No. 40, October 02 - October 08, pp. 51-55.
23. Kumar, Anand (2010) 'Understanding Lohia's Political Sociology: Intersectionality of Caste, Class, Gender and Language Issue', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XLV, No. 40, October 02 - October 08, pp. 64-70.
24. Roy, R. (1991) 'The Precepts of Jesus, the Guide to Peace and Happiness', Hay, S. (ed.) *Sources of Roy, R. (1991) 'The Percepts of Jesus, The Guide to Peace and Happiness', Hay, S. (ed.) Sources of Indian Tradition. Vol. 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 24-29.*
25. Ramabai, P. (2000) 'Woman's Place in Religion and Society', Kosambi, M. (ed.) *Pandita Ramabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works. N. Delhi: OUP, pp. 150-155.*
26. Vivekananda, S. (2007) 'The Real and the Apparent Man', Bodhasarananda, S. (ed.) *Selections from the Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda, Kolkata: Advaita Ashrama, pp. 126-129.*
27. Gandhi, M. K. (1991) 'Satyagraha: Transforming Unjust Relationships through the Power of the Soul', Hay, S. (ed.) *Sources of Indian Tradition. Vol. 2. Second Edition. N. Delhi: Penguin, pp. 265-270.*
28. Ambedkar, B. R. (1991) 'Constituent Assembly Debates', Hay, S. (ed.) *Sources of Indian Tradition. Vol. 2. Second Edition. N. Delhi: Penguin, pp. 342-347.*
29. Tagore, R. (1994) 'The Nation', Das, S. K. (ed.) *The English Writings of Rabindranath Tagore, Vol. 3, New Delhi: Sahitya Akademi, pp. 548-551.*
30. Iqbal, M. (1991) 'Speeches and Statements', Hay, S. (ed.) *Sources of Indian Tradition. Vol. 2. Second Edition. N. Delhi: Penguin, pp. 218-222.*
31. Savarkar, V. D. 'Hindutva is different from Hinduism'. Available from: <http://www.savarkar.org/en/hindutva-/essentials-hindutva/hindutva-different-hinduism> (accessed on 22 May 2011).
32. Nehru, J. L. (1991) 'Selected Works', Hay, S. (ed.) *Sources of Indian Tradition. Vol. 2. Second Edition. N. Delhi: Penguin, pp. 317-319.*
33. Anees, Mukhtar, Dixit, Vijayakant, (1984) (eds.) *Lohia: Many Faceted Personality, Rammanohar Lohia Smarak Smiti.*
34. Shukla, Bhanu Pratap, (1998) (ed.) *Third Way, Sahitya Sindhu Prakashan, Bangalore.*

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Political Party System in India			
Course Code	PIR711020	Semester: III	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objectives:** This course deals with the political party system in India. The objective of this course is to understand the voting behaviour in India by historically interpreting its development since independence. This course is also designed to look at the role of caste, class, gender and religion in the general elections. Meanwhile issues of ethnicity, terrorism, naxalism, linguism and regionalism will also be discussed.

### UNIT: I

- i. Party System in India: An Introduction
- ii. Trends in the Party System; From the Congress System to Multi-Party Coalitions
- iii. Determinants of Voting Behavior: Caste, Class, Gender and Religion

### UNIT: II

- i. Changing Nature of Indian Political Party System
- ii. Elections and Political Participation
- iii. Interest and Pressure Groups

### UNIT: III

- i. Challenges to the Political System
- ii. Corruption and Criminalisation of Politics
- iii. Issues of Ethnicity, Terrorism, Naxalism, Linguism and Regionalism

### UNIT: IV

- i. National Regional Parties: Ideology, Organization, and Leadership
- ii. Electoral Behaviour and Electoral Reforms

## **Suggested Readings**

1. Z. Hasan (ed.) (2002), 'Parties and Party Politics in India', New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
2. E. Sridharan, (2012), Coalition Politics and Democratic Consolidation in Asia, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
3. P. DeSouza and E. Sridharan (eds.) (2006) India's Political Parties, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
4. F. Frankel, Z. Hasan, and R. Bhargava (eds.) (2000), 'Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics in Democracy', New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
5. P. Brass, (1999) The Politics of India Since Independence, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books.
6. Chandra Bipan, Aditya Mukherjee and Mridula Mukherjee, 2009 (second revised edition), India after Independence, New Delhi, Penguin Books.
7. Corbridge Stuart and John Harriss, 2000, Reinventing India, New Delhi, OUP.
8. R. Kothari, (1970) Caste in Indian Politics, Delhi: Orient Longman.
9. R. Bhargava (ed.) (2008) Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
10. Choudhry, Sujit et al.(eds) (2016), 'The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution', UK:Oxford University Press.
11. Bhuyan, Dasarathy(2016), 'Political Process in India', Cuttack: KitabMahal.
12. KavirajSudipta, 2010, The Enchantment of Democracy and India, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
13. KavirajSudipta, 2010, The Trajectories of the Indian State, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
14. Frankel Francine, ZoyaHasan, Rajeev Bhargava, Balveer Arora (eds.), 2000, Transforming India, New Dellhi, OUP.
15. GuhaRamchandra, 2007, India after Gandhi, New Delhi, Picador.

## **Books Recommended**

1. RajiniKothari: Politics in India
2. W.H.MorrisJones: The Government and Politics in India
3. L.Hardgrave: The Government and Politics in a Developing Nation
4. L.I.Rudolph&S.H.Rudolph: The Modernity of Tradition
5. D.D.Basu: Introduction to the constitution of India
6. L.I.Rudolph&S.H.Rudolph: The Political Economy of Development
7. N.Hartman: Political Parties in India
8. N.D.Palmer: Elections & Political Development: The South Asian Experience
9. Paul R. Brass: Caste, Faction and Party in Indian Politics
10. RajiniKothari: Caste and Politics
11. N.D.Palmer: The Indian Political System
12. N.Austin: The Indian Constitution – Cornerstone of a Nation
13. Paul R. Brass: Indian Politics since Independence
14. AtulKohli: India's Democracy
15. N.L.Madan: Indian Political Science – Socio-Economic Dimension
16. AtulKohli: Democracy and Discontent
17. Bhavani Singh: Recent Trends in Indian Government and Politics, Vol.II (1991)
18. D. Suran Naidu: BharataDesamRajkeeyaVyavastha (Telugu)

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Research Methodology			
Course Code	PIR711030	Semester: III	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Objectives:** The course is introduced to establish a general familiarity with the research methods and techniques needed for analysing international relations. This includes a broad understanding of the discipline, the ideas and foundational concepts employed, research design, qualitative and quantitative methods, data collection, and data analysis. The course also introduces some of the debates in Research Methodology so as to acquaint the students with them. Students have to prepare a research proposal and present it as part of the course towards the completion of the course.

### UNIT-I:

- i. Traditionalist Approach to Social Inquiry, Structure of Scientific revolution, Application of Scientific Methods in Social Sciences, Advantages and Limitations of Empiricism
- ii. Concept Formation and Theory Building, Probability, Causation and Validation, Structuralism and Post Structuralism

### UNIT-II

- i. Reading Text: Narratives and Meta Narratives, Ethnographic Methodology, Research Ethic
- ii. Identification of Problems and Research Designing, Formulation and testing of Hypothesis

### UNIT-III:

- i. Data Generation Techniques, Use of Available Data, Survey Research, Case Study Methods, Sampling, Interview, Questionnaire, Participatory Research, Data Verification, Validation and Quantification
- ii. Date Interpretation, Codification, Systemisation and Classification of Data, Statistical Methods of Data Interpretation, Content Analysis, Forms and Structure of EventAnalysis, Analogy and Comparison of Data

### UNIT-IV:

- i. Research Writing and Style Sheet Manual, Research Finding, Concept Formation and Standardisation, Use of Tables and Graphics, Language of Research, Cita-tions, Notes and Bibliography



## Suggested Readings

1. Baert, Patrick, *Social Theory in the Twentieth Century* (Polity, 1998)
2. Brecher, Michael, and Frank P. Harvey, eds. *Millennial Reflections on International Studies* (Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 2002).
3. Elman, Colin, and Miriam Fendius Elman, eds. *Progress in International Relations Theory: Appraising the Field* (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 2003).
4. Evera, Stephen Van, *Guide to Methods for Students of Political Science*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1997.
5. Gordon, Scott, *The History and Philosophy of Social Science* (Routledge, 1991)
6. Harvey, Frank P. and Michael Brecher (Editors), *Evaluating Methodology in International Studies* (Millennial Reflections on International Studies) University of Michigan Press, 2002.
7. King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane and Sidney Verba. *Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1994).
8. Nachmias, C., & Nachmias, D. *Research Methods in the Social Sciences* (4<sup>th</sup>ed.). New York: St. Martin's Press, 1992.
9. Spoull, N.L. *Handbook of Research Methods: A Guide for Practitioners and Students in the Social Sciences*. (2<sup>nd</sup>ed.). Metuchen, NJ: Scarecrow Press, 1995.
10. Strauss, Anselm and Juliet Corbin, *Basics of Qualitative Research: Techniques and Procedures for Developing Grounded Theory*, 2nd Edition. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications, 1998.
11. Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details				
Optional Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>International Relations in 21<sup>st</sup> Century (Post-Cold War)</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR716040</b>	<b>Semester: III</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Objectives:** This course provides students with a deeper knowledge of the conceptual and theoretical tools used in the study of world politics. The course also examines a number of enduring and contemporary topics in international relations, such as international cooperation, security issues, globalisation, international political economy, and humanitarian intervention. The course concludes with a role-playing game where students have the opportunity to apply the concepts they have learned by engaging in simulated international negotiations.

### **UNIT- I: New Agendas in International Relations: Continuity form the Past**

- i. 'Back to the future' and State Centrism: Mearsheimer 1990
- ii. The 'end of history' and "neoliberalism': Fukuyama 1989
- iii. Cultural and civilizations Cleavages: Samuel Huntington, 1993
- iv. Democratization and Peace: Doyle and after
- v. New World Order: the American Agenda (George H. W. Bush)

### **UNIT-II: Old Theories, New Orientation**

- i. Social Constructivism: Alexander Wendt, Peter J. Katzenstein
- ii. Copenhagen School & after: Ole Waever
- iii. Post Structuralism
- iv. Prescriptive Feminism

### **UNIT-III: New Analytical Frameworks**

- i. From Geopolitics to Geo-economics: Edward Luttwak
- ii. Empire: Hardt & Negri (2000)
- iii. Neuropolitics: Connolly (2002)
- iv. From Hyperpolarity to Multipolarity: Brookes & Wohlforth (2005)
- v. Post American World Order & The Revival of History: Jakaria (2008), Robert Kagan (2008)

## **UNIT-IV: New Issues and Future Agenda**

- i. War on Terror (2001)
- ii. Non state Actors in International Politics: MNCs & INGOs
- iii. Crisis in the global economy: 2008 onwards
- iv. Global Health, Migration, Environmental Politics
- v. China and Legitimacy of International Institutions
- vi. Regionalization: Post Brexit-Crisis
- vii. Populism, Resistance and Protest: Fukuyama; Hardt & Negri

### **Essential Readings**

1. Katzenstein, Peter J. (2007). *Anti-Americanism in World Politics*
2. Kagan, Robert (2008). *the Revival of History*
3. Stephen G. Brooks and William C. Wohlforth (2005), 'International Relations Theory and the Case against Unilateralism', *Perspectives on Politics*
4. Connolly, *Neuropolitics* (2002)
5. Fukuyama (2014). *Political Order and Political Decay*
6. Hardt & Negri (2000). *Empire*
7. Hardt and Negri (2017). *Assembly*

### **Suggested Reading**

1. B. Stallings (ed.), *Global Change, Regional Response: The New International Context of Development* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1995)
2. Boyer, R, "State and Market: A New Engagement for the Twenty-First Century?" in R. Boyer and D. Drache (eds.), *States against Markets*, pp. 84-114
3. Busch and Reinhardt, "Developing Countries and General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade/World Trade Organization Dispute Settlement," from the *Journal of World Trade* Chase-Dunn, C., *Global Formation: Structures of the World Economy* (Basil Blackwell, 1989)
4. Drucker, P.F., "The Post-Capitalist World," *Public Interest*, No. 109 (Fall 1992), pp. 89-100
5. Frieden, J., and Lake, D. (eds.), *International Political Economy: Perspectives on Global Wealth and Power* (3rd edn., 1995), esp. chs. 1, 16, 19, 33.
6. Gilpin, Robert, *Global Political Economy - Understanding the International Economy Order* (Princeton N.J.: Princeton University Press, 2001).
7. Gilpin, Robert, *The Challenge of Global Capitalism - The World Economy in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (Princeton N.J.: Princeton University Press, 2000).

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details Optional Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>South Asia in International Relations</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR716050</b>	<b>Semester: III</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Objectives:** This course has been designed to make students aware with the role of South Asia in international politics. The main thrust is to transcend distinction between the study of international relations and the study of domestic politics in the specific case of south Asia by focusing upon the global political system of which the states system and the national political system are both part. As such this course focuses on the connections between the national, regional and international areas as mediated through the institutions of state and government, particular cultural and ideological values, and particular desire and aspirations of peoples in this region. The course also throws light on the role of great powers in the region and India's bilateral ties with its neighbours in the light of global and domestic milieu. Finally, course examines the links between south Asia and international economy in the era of globalization and liberalization as also on evolution, achievement and limitations of South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC).

### UNIT-I:

- i. Introductory: South Asia as a Region; a Brief Profile of South Asian States; and Problems of Irredentism.
- ii. Roots of Conflict in South Asia: Geography, History, Ideology, Social Structure, Politics, and External Intervention.

### UNIT-II:

- i. Bilateral Relations in South Asia: India and Pakistan; India and Bangladesh, India and Himalayan Kingdoms of Nepal and Bhutan, and India and Sri Lanka.
- ii. The International Setting: The United States and South Asia; the former Soviet Union/Russia and South Asia, the Non-Aligned Movement and South Asia, the Commonwealth and South Asia, China and South Asia, and South Asia and the International Politics of the Muslim World.

### UNIT-III:

- i. Domestic Environment in South Asia: Re-Conceptualizing National Security; Economic Change and Political Stability; State-Society Relations in India, Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, and Maldives.
- ii. South Asia in International Economy: Transition and Imperatives of Reforms

### UNIT-IV:

- i. SAARC: Evolution, Achievements and Limitations.
- ii. Looking Ahead: Prospects for Peace, Security, and Cooperation in South Asia.

## Suggested Readings

1. Baylis, J. Steve S. and Patricia O. (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
2. Basrur, Rajesh M.(2001), *Security in the New Millennium: Views from South Asia*, New Delhi: India Research Press.
3. Bhola, P.L. and Ramakant (1995), *Post-Cold War Development in South Asia*, Jaipur: RBSA Publisher.
4. Bidwai, P. and Vinaik A.(2001), *South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
5. Cohen, Stephen P.(2001), *India: Emerging Power*, Washington D.C.: Brookings Institution Press.
6. Vernon, H.(1997), *The New International Politics of South Asia*, Manchester: Manchester University Press.
7. Mitra,S.(1996), *Sub-nationalism in South Asia*, Boulder:West View.
8. Kux,D.(1993), *Estranged Democracies: India and the US 1941-1991*, New Delhi:Sage Publications.
9. Rajagopalan, S.(2006), *Security and South Asia: Ideas, Institutions and Initiatives*, New Delhi: Routledge.
10. Muni,S.D. and Baral, Lok R.(1996), *Refugees and Regional Security in South Asia*, New Delhi: Konark Publishers.
11. Bhattacharya, Mita (2004), *South Asia in the era of Globalisation: Trade Industrialisation and Welfare*, Delhi: Nova Science Publishers.
12. Tambiah, Stanley, J.(1997), *Levelling Crowds: Ethno-nationalist Conflicts and Collective Violence in South Asia*, USA: University of California Press.
13. David, Taylor (1979), *Political Identity in South Asia*, London: University of London, School of Oriental and African Studies.
14. Sharan S. and F. Vivekananda (1991), *Asia in the 21<sup>st</sup> Critical Century: The Question of Sub-nationalism in South Asia: Case Studies from Sri Lanka, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh*, USA: Bethany Books.
15. Dash, Kishore C. (2008), *Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures*,New York: Routledge.
16. Srinivasan, T.N.(2002), *Trade, Finance and Investment in South Asia*, New York: Berghahn Books.

## SEMESTER-III

Course Details				
Optional Paper				
Course Name	India's National Security			
Course Code	PIR716060	Semester: III	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** This paper shall enlighten the students about the historical and conceptual narratives and debates of national security. It shall also highlight the various theoretical aspects of national security. The paper shall also examine the causes of war and ways and means of preventing and dealing with conflict.

### UNIT-I:

- i. Concept of National Security, Power and its Elements.
- ii. Concept of National interest and determinants
- iii. Strategic environment in Indian Ocean region and India's Security.
- iv. India's Maritime strategy and naval Security.
- v. Defence Policy of India

### UNIT-II:

- i. Problems and Policy of India's security and Defence in pre-independence period.
- ii. India Pakistan Relations with special reference to 1947-1948 conflict, Indo-Pakistan conflict of 1965 and Kutch dispute, Tashkent Agreement, conflict of 1971 and subsequent Shimla Agreement.
- iii. India and Pakistan's nuclear policy and its impact.
- iv. Security threats: Internal and External threats
- v. India in the regional and global Security environment

### UNIT-III:

- i. India's relations with South Asian countries- strategic dimensions
- ii. Role of major powers in South Asian strategic environment and its impact on India's Security.
- iii. Terrorism and National Security of India
- iv. Civil-Military Relations of India

### UNIT-IV:

- i. India's strategic location on World-map
- ii. Crisis-management, higher direction-1962, 1965 and 1971 Conflicts
- iii. Role of intelligence in national security
- iv. India's strategic relations with USA and Russia

## Suggested Reading

1. Annual Reports, Ministry of Defence, Government of India
2. Defence Year Book (Annual), Government of India
3. Defence Organisation in India, Publication Division, Government of India, New Delhi
4. The Kargil Review Committee Report
5. Annual Reports, Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India
6. Amiya Kumar Ghosh, "India's Defence Budget and Expenditure Management", Lancer Publishers, New Delhi
7. Rohit Handa, "Policy for India's Defence", Chetana Publications, New Delhi
8. Ashok Joshi, "Restructuring National Security", Manas Publications, New Delhi
9. Ravi Kaul, "India's Strategic Spectrum", Chanakya Publishing House
10. T.D Joseph, *Winning India's Next War* (New Delhi: Knowledge Publishers, 2008)
11. K. Subrahmanum, *Our National Security, Economic & Scientific Perspectives*, Director ESRF Federation House, Delhi, 1952.
12. Barry Buzan, *People State & Fear, the National Security Problem in International Relations* (Trance Asia Publishers, New Delhi, 1983).

### SEMESTER-IV

Sl No	Paper Name	Credit	Code No.
	<b>Core Papers</b>		
8.	Dissertation	16	PIR721010
9.	<b>Optional Papers</b>		
10.	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	4	PIR726020
11.	Globalisation and World Politics	4	PIR726030
12.	West Asia in International Relations	4	PIR726040
13.	China and East Asia in International Relations	4	PIR726050
14.	Africa in International Relations	4	PIR726060



## SEMESTER-IV

<b>Course Details</b>				
<b>Core Paper</b>				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>Dissertation</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR721010</b>	<b>Semester: IV</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

Every student enrolled in the M.A. programme, shall have to mandatorily submit a concise research dissertation (not exceeding 150 pages) at least a fortnight before the commencement of end semester examination of the 4<sup>th</sup> semester. Every student shall present a synopsis of the research topic at the Department. The presentation would be open in nature. Students shall have an option to present their synopsis either in the third semester or in the beginning of the fourth semester. Dissertation shall be completed under the supervision of any assigned faculty of the Department. The dissertation shall be of 16 credits carrying 100 marks which shall be evaluated by one external examiner (who shall not be an employee of the University) and Supervisor. However, Head/Coordinator of the Department shall be the Chairperson of the evaluation board. This 100 marks evaluation shall be as per Ordinance of the University and strictly restricted only to the assessment of the quality of dissertation. Based on the prepared dissertation, every student shall make a presentation (preferably Power Point) of at least 20 minutes duration describing about the findings of the conducted study followed by the viva-voce examination of the student.

## SEMESTER-IV

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Foreign Policy of Major Powers			
Course Code	PIR726020	Semester: IV	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** This is the only paper that as its title states, takes up the task of exploring the foreign policies of the major continental and world powers namely, US, Russia, China, Germany and Japan. The value of this course is self-evident.

### UNIT-I: Why Study Foreign Policy of Major Powers

- i. Concept and Bases of Power
- ii. Framework of Analysis
- iii. Determinants of the Foreign Policies of U.S., Russia, China, Germany and Japan

### UNIT-II: The U.S. Foreign Policy

- i. Main Features
- ii. Policy of continuity and change
- iii. U.S. threat perceptions and security interests
- iv. Foreign Economic Policy

### UNIT-III: Foreign Policy of Germany & Japan

- i. Main Features
- ii. Relations with Regional and Major Powers
- iii. Foreign Economic Policy of Germany

### UNIT-IV Foreign Policy of China & Russia

- i. Main Features
- ii. Relations with Regional and Major Powers
- iii. Foreign Economic Policy.
- iv. Continuity and change; Russia's threat perceptions and security interests

## Suggested Readings:

1. Chan Gerald, *Chinese Perspective on International Relations*, New Zealand, Houndsmill, Macmillan University Press, 1999.
2. Cronin Patrick M., *From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies*, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
3. Ellison Herbert J., *Japan and the Pacific Quadrille: The Major Powers in East Asia*, Boulder, Westview Press, 1987.
4. Epstein William, *The Last Chance: Nuclear Proliferation and Arms Control*, New York, Free Press, 1976.
5. Gaddis Johan Lewis, *Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post War American National Security Policy*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
6. Gutjahr Lothar, *German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification*, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
7. Haas Richard N, *Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold War World*, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
8. Dumbrell, John, *American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton*, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1997.
9. Kanet, Roger E and Kozhemiakin, Alexander V., *The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation*, Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
10. Larrabee, Stephen, *The Two German States and European Security*, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.
11. Masahide, Shibusawa. ed., *Japan and the Asian Pacific Region*, London, Croom Helm, 1984.
12. Mendelson, Sarah E., *Changing Course*, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1998.
13. Sutter, Robert G., *Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S.* Boulder, Westview, 1996.
14. Whetten, Lawrence L., *Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations*, New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
15. Zwick Peter, *Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy*, New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1990.
16. David Harvey, *The New Imperialism*, Oxford University Press, New York, 2003.
17. John Pilger, *The New Rulers of the World*, Verso, 2003.
18. Robert Kagan, *Of Paradise and Power: America and Europe in the New World Order*, KNOPF Publishers, 2003.

## SEMESTER-IV

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Globalisation and World Politics			
Course Code	PIR726030	Semester: IV	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** This course will explore the impact of globalization on contemporary world politics. Globalization is a complex phenomenon and it influences many different aspects of domestic and international political, economic, and social life. More specifically, we will examine the concepts, history, and theories of globalization. Additionally, we will analyze and discuss the economic, political, and socio-cultural aspects of globalization while, along the way, reflecting on the causes and consequences of globalization and the negative and positive implications of this global force. Finally, we will consider attempts to deal with and resist globalization, as well as prospects for the future. By the end of the course, students should understand the major debates and relevant theories surrounding globalization.

### UNIT-I: Understanding Globalization, Trade and Finance

- i. Is globalization new? Historical perspectives and evolution
- ii. The Globalization of Trade
- iii. The economic theory of trade integration
- iv. The distributional consequences of trade: inequality and power
- v. The logic of financial globalization: motives for liberalizing

### UNIT-II: The Globalization of Development

- i. World development patterns: divergence and convergence
- ii. The political economy of aid: the donors. Who gives aid and why?
- iii. The political economy of aid: the recipients
- iv. NGOs, Global Civil Society, Media, etc
- v. Cultural Globalization and Global Migration

### UNIT-III: The Globalization of Politics, Democracy, Human Rights and Justice

- i. The diffusion and promotion of democracy
- ii. The instruments of international pressure: conditional aid, sanctions, shaming campaigns, and military intervention
- iii. The international human rights regime

- iv. Economic globalization and human rights
- v. Globalizing justice? The International Criminal Court

### **UNIT-VII: The Globalization of Peace (or War?)**

- i. The UN and peacekeeping operations
- ii. The links between economic globalization and conflict: the mechanisms
- iii. The impact of integration on the occurrence of civil war
- iv. Global warming and war
- v. Trade and interstate wars: does globalization foster peace?

### **Suggested Readings**

1. Baylis, J, Steve S. and Patricia O. (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
2. Beck, U. (1999), *What is Globalization?* (Cambridge: Polity Press, 1999)
3. Brawley, Mark R. (2002), *The Politics of Globalisation*, Peterborough, Ontario: The Broadview Press.
4. Clark, I. (1999), *Globalization and International Relations Theory*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
5. Obstfeld, M. and Taylor A.M.(2004), *Global Capital Markets: Integration, Crisis and Growth*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
6. Radice, H.(2000), "Globalisation and National Capitalism: Theorizing Convergence and Differentiation", *Review of International Political Economy*, 7(4) : 719-742.
7. Ritzer, G.(2007), *The Blackwell Companion to Globalisation*, London: Blackwell Publishing.
8. Rosenberg, J. (2000), *The Follies of Globalisation Theory: Polemical Essays*, London: Verso.
9. Steger, Manfred B.(2002), *Globalism: The New Market Ideology*, Lanham: Rowman and Littlefield Publishers.
10. Strange,S.(1996), *The Retreat of the State: The Diffusion of Power in the World Economy*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
11. Patnaik, P.(1995), "Nation State in the Era of Globalisation", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 30(33): 2049-2055.
12. Garrett,G.(1998), "Global Markets and National Politics: Collision Course or Virtuous Circle ?", *International Organisation*, 52(4): 787:824.
13. Mann,M.(1997), "Has Globalisation Ended the Rise of the Nation-State?", *Review of International Political Economy*, 4(3): 472-496.
14. Dreze, J. and S. Amartya (1995), *India: Economic Development and Social Opportunities*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
15. Stiglitz, J. (2006), "Social Justice and Global Trade", *Far Eastern Economic Review*, 169 (2).
16. Huntington, S.(1993), "The Clash of Civilizations?", *Foreign Affairs*, 72(3): 22-49.
17. Williams, M.(2007), *Culture and Security: Symbolic Power and the Politics of International Security*, London: Routledge.

## SEMESTER-IV

Course Details Core Paper				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>West Asia in International Relations</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>PIR726040</b>	<b>Semester: IV</b>	<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Programme</b>	<b>M.A</b>	<b>Course Duration</b>	<b>One Semester</b>	
<b>Teaching Methods</b>	<b>Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies</b>			
<b>Evaluation Methods</b>	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.</b>			

**Course Objective:** The course is an attempt to combine general theories and concepts of International Relations with the empirical realities of West Asia since 1945. The course is divided into five main sections. The first section is a retrospective of general theories and concepts of international relations, which will include alternating each general discussion of concepts with a specific discussion of the regional issues from the second, third, fourth and fifth sections. The relevant theories and concepts here are Realism, Liberalism, Constructivism, Marxist, and Foreign Policy Analysis approach.

### **UNIT-I: Introduction: International Relations and West Asia since 1945**

- i. A Retrospective of IR Theories: Realism; Liberalism; Constructivism; Marxism and Foreign Policy Analysis approach
- ii. West Asia since 1945: Alliances, conflicts, security, cooperation and confrontation

### **UNIT-II: Theories of Realism in IR: Power Politics and Alliances in West Asia**

- i. Intra-regional alliances: ‘doctrine of periphery’; Arab Maghreb Union; Arab Co-operation Council
- ii. Regional Balance of Power: Superpower politics, inter-state strategic rivalry and alliance building in the region
- iii. System changers: War, Revolt, Revolution, and Peace – Arab-Israeli wars, Iran-Iraq war, Iraq-Kuwait war; Palestinian and Kurdish revolts; Iranian
- iv. Revolution; Democratic revolutions in Egypt, Tunisia, Yemen, Syria; Arab- Israeli peace process

### **UNIT-III: Theories of Liberalism in IR: Institutions, Interdependence and Cooperation in West Asia**

- i. Development of state systems: Institutions, economic development, and armed forces
- ii. Solidarity against West & Israel: Arab League and the formal basis of inter- Arab cooperation
- iii. Intra-regional vs. extra regional trade; growth of oil revenues and Arab economic integration; politics of integration
- iv. Problems of interdependence: inter-state confrontation and security deficit
- v. Security and economic cooperation: the case of the GCC

## UNIT-IV: Foreign Policy Making: The West Asian Case

- i. Forms of identity: confessional, pan-Arab (*qaumi*), and local (*qutri*); *qaumi* vs. *qutri* identity; construction and redefinition of identity –Turkish vs. pan- Islamic, pan-Turanic, and pan-Turkic; Islamic vs. Persian identity; tensions and reconciliations
- ii. External Environment and Domestic factors
- iii. Oil and Foreign policy
- iv. Globalisation and Foreign Policy Making
- v. Identity and Foreign Policy

### Suggested Reading

1. Ayubi, Nazih, *Overstating the Arab State: Politics and Society in the Middle East* (London: I.B. Tauris, 1995).
2. Barnett, Michael and F. Gregory Gause III, “Caravans in Opposite Directions: Society, State, and the Development of Community in the Gulf Cooperation Council,” in Emanuel Adler and Michael Barnett (eds.), *Security Communities* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998).
3. Barnett, Michael, “Institutions, Roles, and Disorder: The Case of the Arab States System,” *International Studies Quarterly*, Vol. 37, No. 3 (September 1993), pp. 271-297.
4. Burchill, S. et al., *Theories of International Relations* (New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2005) Third edition.
5. Carlsnaes, Walter and Thomas Risse (eds.), *Handbook of International Relations* (London: Sage, 2002).
6. Dunne, Tim, Milja Kurki and Steve Smith, *International Relations Theories: Discipline and Diversity* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2013), Third edition.
7. Gause III, F. Gregory, “Systemic Approaches to Middle East International Relations,”
8. *International Studies Review*, Vol. 1, Issue 1 (Spring 1999), pp. 11-31.
9. Halliday, Fred, “The Future of International Relations: Fears and Hopes,” in Steve Smith, Ken Booth and Marysia Zalewski (eds.), *International Theory: Positivism and Beyond*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1996), pp. 318-339.
10. Halliday, Fred, *The Middle East in International Relations: Power, Politics and Ideology* (New York: Cambridge University Press, 2005).
11. Hinnebusch, Raymond and Anoushiravan Ehteshami. *The Foreign Policy of Middle Eastern States* (London: Lynne Rienner, 2005).
12. James Fearon and Alexander Wendt, “Rationalism v. Constructivism: A Skeptical View,” in *Handbook of International Relations*, pp. 52-72.
13. Katzenstein, Peter J. (ed.), *The Culture of National Security: Norms and Identity in World Politics* (Columbia: Columbia University Press, 1996).
14. Korany, Bahgat and Ali E. Hillal Dessouki, *The Foreign Policies of Arab States: The Challenge of Change*, Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 1984)
15. Korany, Bahgat and Ali E. Hillal Dessouki, *The Foreign Policies of Arab States: The Challenge of Globalisation* (Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 2011).
16. Milton-Edwards, Beverley, *Contemporary Politics in the Middle East* (Cambridge: Polity Press, 2000).
17. Mingst, Karen A., *Essential Readings in World Politics* (New York, London: W.W.

- Norton and Co., 2004)
18. Saideman, Stephen, "Conclusion: Thinking Theoretically about Identity and Foreign Policy," in Telhami and Barnett, *Identity and Foreign Policy in the Middle East*, pp. 169-200.
  19. Shiraev, Eric B. and Vladislav M. Zubok, *International Relations* (New York; Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2014).
  20. Smith, Steve, Amelia Hadfield, and Tim Dunne, *Foreign Policy* (Oxford: oxford University Press, 2012).
  21. Solingen, Etel, *Regional Orders at Century's Dawn: Global and Domestic Influences on Grand Strategy* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1998).
  22. Telhami, Shibley and Michael Barnett (eds.), *Identity and Foreign Policy in the Middle East*
  23. (Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 2002).
  24. Tibi, Bassam, "Cultural Fragmentation, The Decline in Consensus, and the Diffusion of Power in World Politics," in Bassam Tibi, *The Challenge of Fundamentalism: Political Islam and the New World Disorder* (Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 1998).
  25. Walt, Stephen M., *The Origins of Alliances*, Ithaca (NY: Cornell University Press, 1987).



## SEMESTER-IV

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	China and East Asia in International Relations			
Course Code	PIR726050	Semester: IV	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** East Asia is a dynamic and critical region for world economy and politics in the 21<sup>st</sup> century. This course is designed to introduce basic concepts, approaches, and fundamental issues in studying East Asian international relations since WWII. Instead of providing a comprehensive analysis of its history, culture, points of conflict, regional economy and domestic sources of foreign policies, the course focuses on major trends and issues in regional international relations—the role of big powers and second-tier powers, sources of conflicts and cooperation, regional economic integration and institution building in East Asia. The purpose of the course is to help students understand the dynamics and patterns of international relations in East Asia within a broad geopolitics context and how they can be analyzed with international relations concepts and approaches.

### UNIT-I: East Asia as a Region: History and Culture

- i. Course Overview
- ii. History in East Asia
- iii. Cultural and Traditions in East Asia
- iv. Theoretical Approaches

### UNIT-II: Major Regional Powers

- i. China in East Asia
- ii. Japan in East Asia
- iii. The Korean Peninsula
- iv. North Korean Nuclear Issue
- v. Taiwan
- vi. ASEAN and Great Powers

### UNIT-III: Extra Regional Powers

- i. The United States of America
- ii. European Union
- iii. Australia
- iv. India

## UNIT-IV: Special Topics

- i. Recent Strategies of Regional Integration
- ii. South China Sea Disputes
- iii. Origins of Chinese Popular Nationalism
- iv. Foreign Policy Implications of Chinese Popular Nationalism

### Suggested Reading

1. Acharya, Amitav. 2014 "Thinking Theoretically about Asian IR," in Shambaugh, David, and Michael Yahuda, eds. *International relations of Asia*. Rowman & Littlefield: Chapter 3
2. Calder, Kent. 2004 "Securing security through prosperity: the San Francisco System in comparative perspective." *The Pacific Review* 17(1): 135-157.
3. Catalinac Amy L. 2016. From Pork to Policy: The Rise of Programmatic Campaigning in Japanese Elections. *The Journal of Politics*. 78(1): 1-18 Skip: pp. 6-13
4. Fravel, M. Taylor. 2011. "China's strategy in the South China Sea." *Contemporary Southeast Asia: A Journal of International and Strategic Affairs* 33(3): 292-319.
5. Goh, Evelyn. 2011. "Institutions and the great power bargain in East Asia: ASEAN's limited 'brokerage' role." *International Relations of the Asia-Pacific* 11(3): 373-401.
6. He, Yanan. 2014. "Identity Politics and Foreign Policy: Taiwan's Relations with China and Japan, 1895-2012." *Political Science Quarterly* 129(3): 469-500.
7. Hornung, Jeffrey and Michael M. Mochizuki. 2016. "Japan: Still and Exception US Ally." *The Washington Quarterly* 39(1): 95-116.
8. *International relations of Asia*. Rowman & Littlefield: Chapter 6
9. Jia, Qingguo 2005. "Learning to Live with the Hegemon: Evolution of China's Policy toward the US since the End of the Cold War." *Journal of Contemporary China* 14(44): 395-407.
10. Jones, Catherine. 2015. "Great powers, ASEAN, and security: reason for optimism?." *The Pacific Review* 28(2): 259-280.
11. Kim, So Young. 2010 "Do Asian Values Exist? Empirical Tests of the Four Dimensions of Asian Values." *Journal of East Asian Studies* 10(2): 315-344. Skip: pp. 322-329
12. Koga, Kei. 2016. "The rise of China and Japan's balancing strategy: critical junctures and policy shifts in the 2010s." *Journal of Contemporary China* 25(101): 777-791.
13. Lucian W. Pye, "International Relations in Asia: Culture, Nation and State" (Gaston Sigur Annual Lecture 1998)
14. Narine, Shaun. 2008. "Forty years of ASEAN: a historical review." *The Pacific Review* 21(4): 411-429.
15. Nathan, Andrew J., and Andrew Scobell. 2012. "How China sees America: The sum of Beijing's fears." *Foreign Affairs* 91(5): 32-47.
16. Rolland, Nadège. 2017. "China's 'Belt and Road Initiative': Underwhelming or Game-Changer?"
17. Saunders, Phillips. 2014 "China's Role in Asia," in Shambaugh, David, and Michael Yahuda, eds.
18. Shirk, Susan. 2014 "The Domestic Context of Chinese Foreign Security Policies," in *Oxford Handbook of the International Relations of Asia*, ed. Pekkanen et al, pp. 401-407
19. Snyder, Scott et al. 2018. "Domestic Constraints on South Korean Foreign Policy." *Council on Foreign Relations*: pp. 38-55.
20. *The Washington Quarterly* 40(1): 127-142.

21. Wang, Jisi. 2011. "China's Search for a Grand Strategy: A Rising Great Power Finds its Way." *Foreign Affairs* 90: 68-79.
22. Weiss, Jessica Chen. 2013. "Authoritarian Signaling, Mass Audiences, and Nationalist Protest in China." *International Organization* 67(1): 1-35.
23. Woods, Jackson S., and Bruce J. Dickson. 2017. "Victims and Patriots: Disaggregating Nationalism in Urban China." *Journal of Contemporary China* 26(104): 167-182.
24. Zhao, Suisheng. 2013. "Foreign policy implications of Chinese nationalism revisited: The strident turn." *Journal of Contemporary China* 22(82): 535-553.
25. Zhao, Suisheng. 2017. "China and the South China Sea Arbitration: Geopolitics Versus International Law." *Journal of Contemporary China*: 1-15.

## SEMESTER-IV

Course Details				
Core Paper				
Course Name	Africa in International Relations			
Course Code	PIR726060	Semester: IV	Credits	4
Programme	M.A	Course Duration	One Semester	
Teaching Methods	Class Room Teaching, Seminars, Paper Presentations, Active Learning, Case Studies			
Evaluation Methods	Continuous Internal Evaluation (Class participation, class room tests, take-home assignments, mid-semester tests, term papers, presentations) 40 marks + End Semester 60 marks.			

**Course Objective:** The paper is about the introduction of the traditions of the Political thought in context of the International polity and relations. The very purpose of the course is to make student acquaint about the methods, approaches and context of different concepts and notions of traditions of the political philosophy.

### UNIT-I

- i. Geo-Cultural Aspects: Land, People, Ecology, Environment, and Language
- ii. Historical Aspects: Ancient African Empire
- iii. Indigenous Political System, Slave trade, Industrialization
- iv. Colonialism In Africa: Pattern of colonial rule in Africa, Legacy of Colonialism, growth of nationalism and liberation movement in Africa.

### UNIT-II

- i. Political Independence and constitutional change in Africa
- ii. Growth of Political Parties and party system
- iii. The role of military
- iv. Democratization process in Africa, Rise and fall of Apartheid in South Africa, Concepts of Pan-Africanism and African Socialism, Problems in nation building in Africa, Ethnic conflicts in Africa

### UNIT-III

- i. Africa and emerging International system
- ii. Africa and Cold-war,
- iii. Post-cold war scenario in Africa,
- iv. Africa on the new world orders,

### UNIT-IV

- i. Africa and the United Nations,
- ii. Inter-regional cooperation, role of the organization of African Unity
- iii. Africa and NAM
- iv. Role and relevance of African Union (A.U 2001)
- v. India-Africa relations

## Suggested Readings

1. Herbst, Jeffrey, "The Challenge of State-Building in Africa." In his *States and Power in Africa*. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2000, 11-31.
2. Smith, B.C., *Understanding Third World Politics*, London: Macmillan Press. 1996.
3. Kohli, Atul, *The State and Development in the Third World* (Princeton University Press, 1986)
4. Woronoff, J., *Organising African Unit* (New Jersey: Scarecrow Press, 1970).
5. Grant, Andrew and Fredrik Soderbaum, eds., *The New Regionalism in Africa* (Ashgate, 2003)
6. Clapham, Christopher, *Africa and the International System: Politics of State Survival* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2002).
7. "The Southern Africa Region and the Regional Hegemon," in Bjorn Hettne, Andras Inotai, and Osvaldo Sunkel, eds., *International Perspectives on the New Regionalism in the South* (London: Macmillan Press, 2000), pages 242–264.
8. "African Foreign Policy in the New Millennium: From Coming Anarchies to Security Communities? From New Regionalisms to New Realisms?" in Kevin C. Dunn and Timothy M. Shaw, eds., *Africa's Challenge to International Relations Theory* (New York: Palgrave, 2001), pp. 204–219.
9. Pamela K. Mbabazi, "Political Economies of Africa(s) at the Start of the 21st Century," in Richard Stubbs and Geoffrey R.D. Underhill, eds., *Political Economy and the Changing Global Order*, third Edition (Toronto: Oxford University Press, 2005), chap. 25.
10. Soderbaum, Fredrik, *The Political Economy of Regionalism. The Case of Southern Africa* (Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2004).